

109TH CONGRESS
2D SESSION

S. RES. 526

Condemning the murder of United States journalist Paul Klebnikov on July 9, 2004, in Moscow, and the murders of other members of the media in the Russian Federation.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

JUNE 29, 2006

Mrs. CLINTON (for herself, Mr. BROWNBACK, and Mr. DURBIN) submitted the following resolution; which was referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations

JULY 25, 2006

Committee discharged; considered and agreed to

RESOLUTION

Condemning the murder of United States journalist Paul Klebnikov on July 9, 2004, in Moscow, and the murders of other members of the media in the Russian Federation.

Whereas, on July 9, 2004, United States journalist Paul Klebnikov was murdered by gunmen as he exited the Moscow offices of Forbes Magazine;

Whereas no person has been convicted of any offense in connection with the murder of Mr. Klebnikov;

Whereas Mr. Klebnikov is survived by his wife Helen and his 3 young children;

Whereas 12 journalists have been murdered in the Russian Federation since 2000 and Mr. Klebnikov was the first and only citizen of the United States among those journalists;

Whereas the Office of the Russian Prosecutor General arrested and tried Musa Vahaev and Kazbek Dukzov for the murder of Mr. Klebnikov;

Whereas Musa Vahaev and Kazbek Dukzov were acquitted on May 5, 2006, of the charges of murdering Mr. Klebnikov;

Whereas the Government of Russia has stated that the murder of Mr. Klebnikov was ordered by Khozh-Akhmed Nukhayev, a fugitive Chechen criminal gang leader, but has not publicly released any evidence of the complicity of Mr. Nukhayev;

Whereas it remains unclear who ordered the murder of Mr. Klebnikov or if any party will be convicted of that crime;

Whereas the attorneys that represented the Klebnikov family have alleged that numerous procedural violations occurred during the trial;

Whereas a group of investigative journalists from the United States has launched an independent inquiry into the death of Mr. Klebnikov;

Whereas the 2005 Country Reports on Human Rights Practices published by the Department of State indicated that the Government of Russia had continued to weaken the independence and freedom of expression of the media industry of Russia, particularly among the major national television networks and regional media outlets of that country; and

Whereas, on June 4, 2006, President Putin told a conference of the World Association of Newspapers that “A progressive state requires a free press.”: Now, therefore, be it

1 *Resolved*, That the Senate—

2 (1) condemns—

3 (A) the murder of United States journalist
4 Paul Klebnikov on July 9, 2004, in Moscow;
5 and

6 (B) the murders of other members of the
7 media in the Russian Federation;

8 (2) commends the Office of the Russian Pros-
9 ecutor General for its continuing investigation of the
10 murder of Mr. Klebnikov;

11 (3) urges the Government of Russia—

12 (A) to continue its inquiries to determine
13 all parties involved in the murder of Mr.
14 Klebnikov; and

15 (B) to bring those parties responsible for
16 the murder of Mr. Klebnikov to justice;

17 (4) urges the Government of Russia to accept
18 offers of assistance with the investigation of the
19 murder of Mr. Klebnikov from—

20 (A) the United States; and

21 (B) other concerned governments;

22 (5) urges the Government of Russia, upon re-
23 quest, to extend appropriate assistance to investiga-

1 tive journalists who have started to conduct inde-
2 pendent inquiries relating to the death of Mr.
3 Klebnikov, to the extent that such assistance con-
4 forms with the privacy safeguards and the laws of
5 Russia; and

6 (6) urges the Government of Russia to take ap-
7 propriate action to protect the independence and
8 freedom of—

9 (A) the media of Russia; and

10 (B) all visiting members of the media.

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