

109TH CONGRESS
1ST SESSION

H. RES. 43

Urging the European Council to continue to maintain its embargo on the sales of arms to the People's Republic of China.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

JANUARY 25, 2005

Mrs. JO ANN DAVIS of Virginia (for herself, Mr. SMITH of New Jersey, Mr. BURTON of Indiana, Mr. KING of New York, Mr. McCOTTER, Mr. BERMAN, and Mr. BLUMENAUER) submitted the following resolution; which was referred to the Committee on International Relations

RESOLUTION

Urging the European Council to continue to maintain its embargo on the sales of arms to the People's Republic of China.

Whereas on June 4, 1989, the Government of the People's Republic of China ordered an unprovoked, brutal, and indiscriminate assault on thousands of peaceful and unarmed demonstrators in and around Tiananmen Square by units of the People's Liberation Army, which resulted in at least 1,000 deaths and several thousand injuries;

Whereas in response to the military assault in Tiananmen Square on June 4, 1989, the President of the United States condemned the actions of the Government of the People's Republic of China against participants in the pro-democracy movement in China and took several con-

crete steps to respond to the repression of the movement, including suspending all exports of items on the United States Munitions List, including arms and defense-related equipment, to the People's Republic of China;

Whereas on June 26, 1989, in Madrid, the European Council, which represents the member-states of the European Union (EU), strongly condemned "the brutal repression taking place in China" and introduced an embargo on trade in arms with the People's Republic of China;

Whereas the Department of State's Country Report on Human Rights Practices for 2003 stated "the Chinese government's human rights record remained poor; the Government continued to commit numerous and serious abuses; there was backsliding on key human rights issues during the year, including arrests of individuals discussing sensitive subjects on the Internet, health activists, labor protesters, defense lawyers, journalists, house church members, and others seeking to take advantage of the space created by reforms";

Whereas on September 15, 2004, the People's Republic of China was designated by the Secretary of State as a "country of particular concern" for the sixth consecutive year for engaging in severe violations of religious freedom, including continued suppression of religious groups perceived to be threatening to government authority or national stability;

Whereas the citizens of the People's Republic of China still do not have the right to peacefully change their government and many who openly express dissenting political views are harassed, detained, or imprisoned;

Whereas the European Parliament has noted that the human rights situation in the People's Republic of China remains unsatisfactory and that there has been little tangible progress made with regard to the human rights dialogue between the EU and China;

Whereas in a resolution adopted in December 2003 the European Parliament expressed its strong belief that the People's Republic of China must take actions to improve human rights and the rule of law and needs to prove it has made significant progress on human rights;

Whereas in its resolution of October 2003 on the annual report from the European Council to the European Parliament relating to the issue of the European Union's Common Foreign and Security Policy, the European Parliament insisted on a peaceful resolution of the Taiwan issue through dialogue across the Taiwan Straits;

Whereas several Member states of the European Union have now proposed to lift the ban on the sale of arms to the People's Republic of China;

Whereas lifting the current ban on the sale of arms to the People's Republic of China by the European Union could result in serious and dangerous long-term consequences for regional stability; and

Whereas the European Parliament, in a resolution adopted on December 18, 2003, and again on November 17, 2004, expressed its "grave concerns for lifting the arms embargo and called on the European Council and the Member states to maintain the European Union's embargo on trade in arms with the People's Republic of China and not to weaken the existing national limitations on such arms sales": Now, therefore, be it

1 *Resolved*, That the House of Representatives—

2 (1) joins with the European Parliament in calling
3 on the European Council and the Member states
4 of the European Union not to lift the embargo on
5 the sale of arms to the People's Republic of China
6 and not to weaken existing national limitations on
7 such arms sales;

8 (2) expresses its concerns over the continuing
9 unacceptable human rights conditions inside the
10 People's Republic of China;

11 (3) encourages the United States Government
12 and the European Union to join together in a cooperative effort to develop a common strategy to seek
13 improved human rights conditions in the People's
14 Republic of China, to promote regional stability, and
15 to help improve political relations between the People's Republic of China and Taiwan; and

16 (4) urges the United States Government and
17 the European Union to initiate discussions on how
18 the European code-of-conduct can be strengthened
19 in order to ensure that sufficient safeguards are in
20 place to make it difficult to sell or transfer arms or
21 technology to the People's Republic of China and to
22 consider entering into negotiations to develop a new
23 transatlantic agreement on the future sale or trans-

1 fer of arms or military technology to “countries of
2 concern”.

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