

106TH CONGRESS
2D SESSION

S. 2947

To encourage respect for the rights of religious and ethnic minorities in Iran, and to deter Iran from supporting international terrorism, and from furthering its weapons of mass destruction programs.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

JULY 27, 2000

Mr. SCHUMER (for himself and Mr. BROWNBACK) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Finance

A BILL

To encourage respect for the rights of religious and ethnic minorities in Iran, and to deter Iran from supporting international terrorism, and from furthering its weapons of mass destruction programs.

1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*

2 *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

3 **SECTION 1. FINDINGS.**

4 Congress finds the following:

5 (1) According to the Report of the National

6 Commission on Terrorism released in June 2000,

7 pursuant to Public Law 105-277, “Iran remains the

8 most active state supporter of terrorism. Despite the

1 election of reformist President Khatami in 1997, the
2 Iranian Revolutionary Guard Corps and Ministry of
3 Intelligence and Security have continued to be in-
4 volved in the planning and execution of terrorist
5 acts.”.

6 (2) According to the Central Intelligence Agen-
7 cy’s most recent proliferation report, pursuant to
8 section 721 of the Fiscal Year 1997 Intelligence Au-
9 thorization Act, “Iran remains one of the most ac-
10 tive countries seeking to acquire Weapons of Mass
11 Destruction (WMD) and Advanced Conventional
12 Weapons (ACW) technology from abroad. In so
13 doing, Iran is attempting to develop an indigenous
14 capability to produce various types of weapons—nu-
15 clear, chemical, and biological and their delivery sys-
16 tems.”.

17 (3) On July 16, 2000, Iran successfully test-
18 fired its Shahab-3 missile, a medium-range weapon
19 capable of delivering a nuclear, biological, and chem-
20 ical payload.

21 (4) Iran’s recent trial and conviction of 10 Ira-
22 nian Jews accused of spying on behalf of Israel was
23 only the most recent example of Iran’s egregious
24 mistreatment of minorities and brazen violations of

1 international human rights standards and due proc-
2 ess of law.

20 SEC. 2. IMMEDIATELY ENDING THE UNITED STATES IMPOR-
21 TATION OF IRANIAN GOODS.

22 Notwithstanding any other provision of law and ex-
23 cept as provided in section 3, no textile or food article that
24 is produced, grown, or manufactured in Iran shall enter
25 or be imported into the United States.

1 SEC. 3. CONDITIONS FOR THE RESUMPTION OF UNITED
2 STATES IMPORTATION OF IRANIAN GOODS.

3 (a) GENERAL WAIVER.—Except as provided in sub-
4 section (b), the President may waive the prohibition on
5 the importation of Iranian goods to the United States 90
6 days after submitting a certification to the Committee on
7 Foreign Relations of the Senate and the Committee on
8 International Relations of the House of Representatives
9 stating that—

10 (1) Iran has shown substantial progress in re-
11 specting the rights of ethnic and religious minorities
12 and is meeting internationally recognized human
13 rights standards, including due process under law;

14 (2) Iran has ceased its support for international
15 terrorism; and

16 (3) Iran has terminated its weapons of mass
17 destruction and ballistic missile programs.

18 (b) NATIONAL SECURITY INTEREST WAIVER.—If the
19 President determines that it is in the national security in-
20 terests of the United States to do so, the President may
21 waive the prohibition on the importation of Iranian goods
22 90 days after submitting a certification to the congres-
23 sional committees described in subsection (a) stating that
24 Iran meets the requirements of subsection (a)(1).

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