

104TH CONGRESS
1ST SESSION

H. CON. RES. 32

Expressing the sense of the Congress that the Sikh nation should be allowed to exercise the right of self-determination in their homeland, Punjab, Khalistan.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

FEBRUARY 22, 1995

Mr. PETE GEREN of Texas submitted the following concurrent resolution;
which was referred to the Committee on International Relations

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

Expressing the sense of the Congress that the Sikh nation should be allowed to exercise the right of self-determination in their homeland, Punjab, Khalistan.

Whereas the Sikh nation declared independence on October 7, 1987;

Whereas freedom is universally recognized as the birthright of all nations;

Whereas self-determination is enshrined in Article 1 of the United Nations Charter;

Whereas the Sikhs ruled Punjab from 1765 until it was annexed by the British in 1849;

Whereas an independent Sikh homeland is economically, militarily, and politically viable;

Whereas Khalistan will serve as a buffer state between India and Pakistan;

Whereas Sikhs are committed to the principles of freedom, justice, and democracy; and

Whereas an independent Sikh nation will help spread democracy and economic prosperity throughout all of South Asia: Now, therefore, be it

1 *Resolved by the House of Representatives (the Senate*
2 *concurring)*, That it is the sense of the Congress that the
3 Sikhs of Khalistan have the right to self-determination in
4 their homeland, Punjab, Khalistan.

